

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO  
EASTERN DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

vs.

Criminal Action 2:14-cr-018(2)  
Judge Marbley

A.D. MICHEL COMPANY, INC.

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

The United States of America and defendant A.D. Michel Company, Inc., acting through its President Arthur D. Michel, entered into a plea agreement whereby defendant agreed to enter a plea of guilty to Count One of the *Information* which charges it with wire fraud in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1343. On February 27, 2014, the defendant corporation, acting through its President Arthur D. Michel and accompanied by its counsel, appeared for an arraignment. Defendant consented, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §636(b)(3), to enter a guilty plea before a Magistrate Judge. See *United States v. Cukaj*, 2001 WL 1587410 at \*1 (6<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2001) [Magistrate Judge may accept a guilty plea with the express consent of the defendant and where no objection to the report and recommendation is filed]; *United States v. Torres*, 258 F.3d 791, 796 (8<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2001); *United States v. Dees*, 125 F.3d 261, 263-69 (5<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1997); *United States v. Ciapponi*, 77 F.3d 1247, 1251 (10<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1996). Defendant also waived its right to an indictment in open court and after being advised of the nature of the charge and of his rights. See Fed. R. Crim P. 7(b).

During the plea proceeding, the undersigned observed the appearance and responsiveness of defendant in answering questions. Based on that observation, the undersigned is satisfied that, at the time the corporation entered its guilty plea, the corporate defendant's representative was in full possession of his faculties,

was not suffering from any apparent physical or mental illness, and was not under the influence of narcotics or alcohol.

Prior to accepting defendant's plea, the undersigned addressed its representative personally and in open court and determined his competence to plead. Based on the observations of the undersigned, defendant's representative understands the nature and meaning of the charge returned in the *Information* and the consequences of the plea to Count One of the *Information*. Defendant's representative was also addressed personally and in open court and advised of each of the rights referred to in Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Having engaged in the colloquy required by Rule 11, the Court concludes that defendant's plea is voluntary. Defendant's representative acknowledged that the plea agreement signed by him, defendant's attorney and the attorney for the United States and filed on January 23, 2014, represents the only promises made by anyone regarding the charge in the *Information*. Defendant's representative was advised that the District Judge may accept or reject the plea agreement and that, even if the Court refuses to accept any provision of the plea agreement not binding on the Court, the corporate defendant may nevertheless not withdraw its guilty plea.

Defendant's authorized representative confirmed the accuracy of the material aspects of the statement of facts supporting the charge. He confirmed that he is pleading guilty to Count One of the *Information* on behalf of the defendant corporation because the defendant corporation is in fact guilty of the offense charged in Count One of the *Information*. The Court concludes that there is a factual basis for the plea.

The Court concludes that the defendant corporation's plea of guilty to Count One of the *Information* is knowingly and voluntarily made with understanding of the nature and meaning of the charge and of the consequences of the plea.

It is therefore **RECOMMENDED** that the corporate defendant's guilty plea to Count One of the *Information* be accepted. Decision on acceptance or rejection of the plea agreement was deferred for consideration by the District Judge after the preparation of a presentence investigation report.

In accordance with S.D. Ohio Crim. R. 32.1, and as expressly agreed to by defendant through counsel, a written presentence investigation report will be prepared by the United States Probation Office. Defendant's representative will be asked to provide information; **its** attorney may be present if defendant so wishes. Objections to the presentence report must be made in accordance with the rules of this Court.

If any party seeks review by the District Judge of this *Report and Recommendation*, that party may, within fourteen (14) days, file and serve on all parties objections to the *Report and Recommendation*, specifically designating this *Report and Recommendation*, and the part thereof in question, as well as the basis for objection thereto. 28 U.S.C. §636(b)(1); F.R. Civ. P. 72(b). Response to objections must be filed within fourteen (14) days after being served with a copy thereof. F.R. Civ. P. 72(b).

The parties are specifically advised that failure to object to the *Report and Recommendation* will result in a waiver of the right to *de novo* review by the District Judge and of the right to appeal the decision of the District Court adopting the *Report and Recommendation*. See *Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140 (1985); *Smith v. Detroit Federation of Teachers, Local 231 etc.*, 829 F.2d 1370 (6th Cir. 1987); *United States v. Walters*, 638 F.2d 947 (6th Cir. 1981).

February 27, 2014  
Date

s/ Norah McCann King  
Norah McCann King  
United States Magistrate Judge